



United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/005,772	11/	08/2001	Frank Ivan Morris	155634-0118	1380
1622	7590 04/02/2004			EXAM	INER
IRELL & M			WONG,	WONG, KIN C	
840 NEWPO SUITE 400	RI CENTE	R DRIVE	· ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
NEWPORT I	BEACH, C	A 92660	2651	n	
				DATE MAILED: 04/02/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applicatio	n No	Applicant(s)				
•								
	Office Action Summary	10/005,77	<u> </u>	MORRIS ET AL				
	Omec Action Gammary	Examiner		Art Unit				
	The MAIL INC DATE of this communication on	K. Wong		2651				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports. or Reply	pears on tne	cover sneet with the d	correspondence address				
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failt - Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repto period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine department adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no ever ly within the statu will apply and will e, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be tin ory minimum of thirty (30) day expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cation to become ABANDONE	nely filed . s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 S	September 20	<u>002</u> .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is no	n-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application	1.						
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election re	quirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)[9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)[10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
* \$ 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Burea See the attached detailed Office action for a list Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest ince a specific reference was included in the first CFR 1.78. 2) The translation of the foreign language processing the process of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for domest deference was included in the first sentence of the priority document is made of a claim for docume	ts have been ts have been ority documen u (PCT Rule of the certific priority unest sentence ovisional applic priority unest control to the certific priority unest sentence ovisional applic priority unest sentence	received. received in Applications have been received 17.2(a)). ed copies not received der 35 U.S.C. § 119(c) of the specification or dication has been received der 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	on No ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific				
Attachmer	nt(s)							
1) Notice 2) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>1</u>			(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				

Art Unit: 2651

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims (1-17 and 21-26) are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Szeremeta (5796542) in view of Oliver et al (4414589).

Regarding claims 9, 12 and 14-17: Szeremeta discloses a servo track writer (as depicted in figure 3 of Szeremeta) including:

an actuator (as depicted in figure 3A of Szeremeta) having a plurality of actuator arms;

a read head (element 62 in figure 3A) connected to one of the actuator arms; a write head connected to another of the actuator arms (see col. 39-58 of Szeremeta);

a chuck to secure a reference disk and a copy disk onto a spindle, the spindle to rotate the reference disk and the copy disk (securing the disk pack is considered well known common disk drive function); and,

a controller (as depicted in figure 3).

However, Szeremeta fails to mention the servo writing that read from a reference disk (or a disk surface) and write plurality servo information on the plurality of other

Art Unit: 2651

disks (or surfaces). Oliver et al is relied for the teaching of reading one surface or disk while writing the others (see col. 17, line 64 to col. 18, line 62 of Oliver et al).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the servo writing procedure of Szeremeta as taught by Oliver et al. The rationale is as follows: one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to provide a simpler servo writing for multiple disks as suggested in col. 17, lines 34-45 of Oliver et al.

Regarding claim 10: the limitations of wherein the controller further is to: position the read head at a first track on the reference disk; follow at least a portion of the first track with the read head; determine a position error signal for the read head; correct a position of the read head using the position error signal; and read the servo information from at least the portion using the read head are considered known Szeremeta describes the similar functions to the noted functions in col. 10, lines 1-25. Oliver et al also discloses the noted functions in col. 19, line 36 to col. 20, line 9.

Regarding claim 11: Szeremeta teaches that further comprising a plurality of copy disks and a plurality of write heads associated therewith (in col. 10, lines 1-25 of Szeremeta).

Regarding claim 13: Szeremeta teaches that wherein the spindle comprises a fluid dynamic bearing (or air bearing) spindle (in col. 8, lines 8-33 of Szeremeta).

Regarding claims 1-8: method claims (1-8) are drawn to the method of using the corresponding apparatus claimed in claims (9-17). Therefore method claims (1-8)

Art Unit: 2651

correspond to apparatus claims (9-17) and are rejected for the same reasons of obviousness as used above.

Regarding claims 21-26: claims (21-26) have limitations similar to those treated in the above rejections, and are met by the references as discussed above. Claim 21 however also recites the following limitations of a fluid dynamic bearing spindle which Szeremeta discloses in col. 8, lines 8-33.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims (18-20) rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Oliver et al (4414589).

Regarding claim 18: Oliver et al discloses a servo track writer (as depicted in figure 1 of Oliver et al) including:

an actuator (element 15 in figure 1) having a plurality of actuator arms and heads attached thereto;

a spindle (element 21 in figure 1) means to rotate a reference disk (or surface) and a copy disk, the reference disk to contain a plurality of tracks having servo

Art Unit: 2651

information to be read by at least one of the heads (see col. 17, line 46 to col. 18, line 6 of Oliver et al);

a means to secure the reference disk and the copy disk to the spindle means (securing the disk pack to the spindle is considered an inherent common disk drive function);

a means to perform a track following operation on the reference disk (see col. 15, line 40 to col. 16, line 13);

a means to write the servo information onto the copy disk before the copy disk is incorporated into a hard disk drive assembly (writing a copy of the servo information prior to the final assembly of the drive are considered inherent).

Regarding claim 19: Oliver et al teaches that wherein the means (element 38 in figure 1) to perform the track following operation includes: means (element 15 in figure 1) for positioning a first head (element 100 in figure 1) on a track on the reference disk (or surface); means for following at least a portion of the track with the first head; means for determining a position error signal for the first head; means for correcting a position of the first head using the position error signal; and means for reading the servo information from at least the portion with the first head (in col. 17, line 64 to col. 21, line 21 of Oliver et al).

Regarding claim 20: Oliver et al teaches that further comprising means for incorporating the copy disk into the hard disk drive assembly, the copy disk to contain the servo information copied from the reference disk (in col. 17, line 46 to col. 18, line 25).

Art Unit: 2651

Page 6

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Szeremeta (5642943), Titcomb (6315452), Toffle et al (6445540), Fleury et al (6505968), Kilmer (6600628) and Takahashi (5941644) are cited for fluid bearing spindle. Cribbs et al (5541784), Aggarwal et al (5375020) and Moir et al (4980783) are cited for servo writing in a multiple disks.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to K. Wong whose telephone number is (703) 305-7772.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dave Hudspeth can be reached on (703) 308-4825. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for all communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

e-kw

29 Mar 04

DAVID HUDSPETH SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600